

The Intelligencer

VOLUME 11.

ANDERSON, S. C. FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1915.

NUMBER 201.

RUSSIANS ARE STILL RETIRING BEFORE GERMANS

WESTERN FORTS OF GRODNO FALLING UNDER GERMAN GUNS

WILL ABANDON WHOLE FORTRESS

Austrians Also Claim Success—Driving Russians From Galicia.

London, Sept. 2.—The Teutonic offensive again is making headway and the Russians have resumed their retreat except in Riga region where the Russians are holding Hindenberg's forces. Grodno's western forts were evacuated after two were destroyed by heavy guns and stormed by German infantry. It is considered likely the whole fortress has been abandoned for it is no longer tenable since the Germans crossed the Grodno-Vilna railway and penetrated Bielo-Vizh forest southeast of the town. Vilna will doubtless be the next German objective on this front.

In the southeast Vienna reports a series of successes, virtually driving the Russians out of Galicia. The Russians now hold a narrow strip between the Sereth river and Besseara. The Austrians claim across the border of the latter province the Russians burned villages indicating a further retreat.

The Teutons claim advances everywhere but they haven't captured any large number of men or guns lately. The Russian guns have been kept well behind their infantry. There is some talk of an advance on Kiev but the distance is great and the country difficult for troop movements.

The Germans claim they recovered the trenches lost in Vosges last August, while the French again refer only to artillery engagements.

Increased activity is noted in the Dardanelles. The British captured an important point dominating the Turkish communication line and British submarines sunk four more Turkish transports. The Turks say mine sweepers are busy at the entrance of the straits, suggesting that an attack is contemplated in that direction.

A Rome dispatch says the Austrians evacuated Fovereto. Official statements claim Italian successes at other fronts.

London, Sept. 2.—The British public has been greatly cheered by a version of the recent, heavy fighting at the Dardanelles, contained in an official report received last night from General Sir Ian Hamilton, the British commander in chief. This report had been eagerly awaited in view of Constantinople's assertions that the allies had been repulsed with heavy losses.

Sir Ian claims that his forces, operating in the northern section of the line, captured an important tactical point commanding the Buvunk Anafarta valley, to the east and north as well as making an appreciable gain along the Australian front.

If the British colonials now dominate the Anafarta valley, their guns should have a clear field to fire upon one of the main Turkish supply roads leading toward Achi Babe. The Turks however, have an alternative line of communication with this part of their front. Constantinople had admitted no advances on any part of the allies.

The Russians are developing unexpected strength in the north, where they claim, they are not only holding Hindenberg's forces, but have gained local success near Vilna. Various changes have been made in the Russian command, the most important being the return of General Husky to the leadership of the northern army.

A Berlin wireless, which is usually ahead of the Petrograd officials, announces a reversal in the Galicia situation as a result of a victorious assault on the Russian north of Zehreb.

The English press is interested keenly in the German promises of a change in submarine tactics and attaches considerable significance to the news that Admiral von Tirpitz is to have a vacation. This is interpreted as indicating that Chief of Staff Admiral Helloweg has won a definite victory over his naval colleagues in the German cabinet.

At Grodno. Berlin, Sept. 2.—It is officially announced that the Germans have taken the outer forts of the Russian fortress of Grodno.

British Naval Sunk. London, Sept. 2.—The British steamship, Savona of Letha has been sunk. Three of the crew are missing.

MEXICANS WANT VENGEANCE FOR OROZCO'S DEATH

REPORTED BAND OF ONE HUNDRED CROSSED RIVER NEAR HOT SPRINGS

CIVILIANS READY FOR HOT FIGHT

Shots Exchanged Between Rangers and Mexicans Who Burned Bridge.

El Paso, Sept. 2.—Ready for a sharp fight, cowboys and ranchers are massed near Hot Springs where a hundred Mexicans are reported to have crossed the border. It is stated that the Mexicans are planning revenge on the slaying of Orozco.

Several Volleys Exchanged.

Santantoni, Tex., Sept. 2.—Several volleys have been exchanged between armed civilians and 25 Mexicans who fired the railway bridge, 14 miles north of Brownsville. None of the civilians were injured.

Two Americans Killed.

Brownsville, Sept. 2.—The bullet riddled bodies of two Americans kidnapped by Mexican bandits twelve miles north of here were found late today in the bed of a dried lake about twelve miles north of here. The bodies were brought here.

Brownsville, Texas, Sept. 2.—United States troops are trailing Mexican raiders who set fire to and partially destroyed a railroad bridge fourteen miles north of here, shortly after midnight.

Special troop trains from Brownsville, Harlingen, and San Benito hurried to the scene. A party of Americans traveling from Brownsville who passed the trestle shortly before it was set on fire reported that they had been fired upon by a band of between twenty-five and thirty Mexicans.

SUBMIT CASES TO THE HAGUE

Germany Offers to Submit Claims for Damage Arising From Arabic and Lusitania Cases for Adjudication.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—Germany, according to instructions sent to Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, offers to submit to The Hague for adjudication, claims for compensation arising out of the Lusitania and Arabic cases. At the same time Germany provides for immunity from attack without warning to passenger liners.

JOHN H. EARLE NOT EXPECTED TO RECOVER

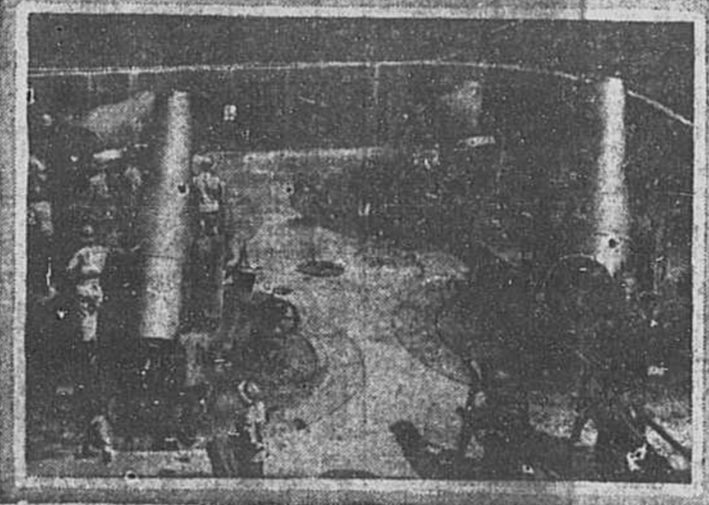
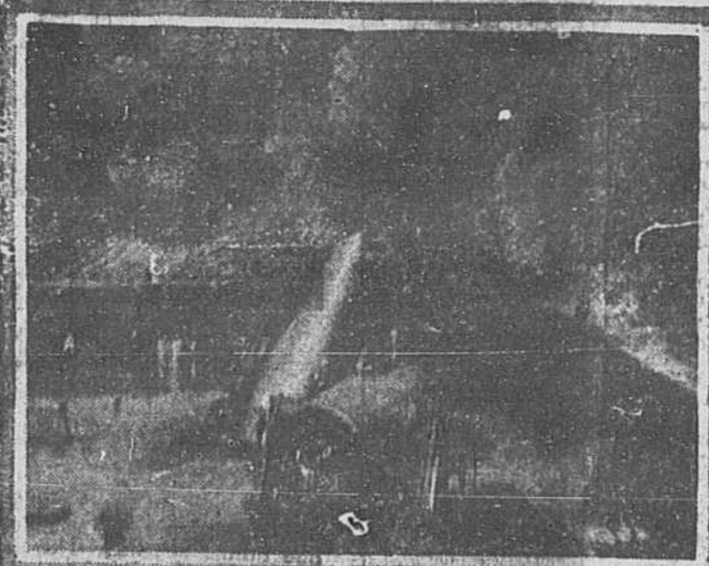
Physicians Extend no Hope for Life of Greenville Man Who Attempted Suicide.

Greenville, Sept. 3.—12:30 a. m.—At midnight it was stated at the city hospital that the condition of J. H. Earle, who on Wednesday evening shot himself through the head, was such as to cause the physicians to expect his death within a few hours. All day he lingered between life and death and now it is stated that he is growing weaker.

Greenwood Bonds. Greenwood, Sept. 2.—Greenwood today sold \$100,000 thirty year street improvement bonds to the Commercial bank of this city for \$102.70, the proceeds to bear interest at 5 per cent when deposited with this bank. School bonds in the sum of \$35,000 have not yet been sold.

Alleged Spy Released. Tallahassee, Fla., Sept. 2.—Walker Orth, a German, charged with espionage, government reservation to obtain information regarding the national defense to which he was not entitled, late yesterday was released from custody. The charges were dropped according to U. S. Attorney Neely, for lack of evidence.

What Happened to Come ra When Uncle Sam's 12-inch Mortars Were Fired at Fort Totten.



BRITAIN NOT SATISFIED WITH THE GERMAN POLICY OF SUBMARINE WARFARE

London, Sept. 2.—The British government cannot be a consenting party to the settlement of the submarine question which puts a liner and its passengers in a class apart from a merchantman and its crew, the evening papers say, in commenting on the note of Count Bernstorff to Secretary Lansing.

"We can acknowledge no such distinction," says the Westminster Gazette, "and for full satisfaction of our claims we can accept nothing less than the reestablishment of a law which protects all non-combatants, whether neutrals or nations, whether they are traveling on liners, or on ordinary merchantmen."

"Our case is admirably defined by President Wilson, both in the note

of February 10, and after the sinking of the Lusitania. We cannot help hoping the United States will put on record that it stands by the whole of the doctrine expounded in the president's earlier communications."

German Public in the Dark.

London, Sept. 2.—The German public has been kept ignorant of any concession to the United States concerning the submarine warfare, according to the London Times, which asserts that German newspapers Saturday and Sunday make no mention of a change of policy and refer only briefly to the Arabic case. The British admiralty's revelation regarding the loss of many submarines has also been concealed from the Germans, The Times asserts.

Greece Enters Agreement On Commerce and Navigation

Paris, Sept. 2.—An Athens correspondent of the Havas agency says that a final agreement has been reached between the entente powers and Greece concerning navigation and commerce. Greece agreed to take the strictest measures for the suppression of trade in contraband, and the entente consents to the free exportation

of tobacco and raisins on the basis of export statistics previous to the war, and to the importation from British colonies of all goods exclusively reserved for individual consignees in Greece.

Search by allied war ships of Greek boats, going from one Greek port to another, is to cease immediately.

U. S. Asks Detailed Information On Relaxation of Council Order

Washington, Sept. 2.—Ambassador Page was today instructed to obtain from the London authorities detailed information regarding the relaxations in the enforcement of the British order in council, which the British ambassador here had given informal assurance would be forthcoming. The state department wants to know what character of shipments will be allowed to come forward and through what channel application must be made for release of American cargoes.

The ambassador recently stated that German goods contracted and paid for before the war would be allowed to proceed.

TURKS MASSACRE MORE AMERICANS

Isimid Burned After Many of Inhabitants Were Killed By Turks.

London, Sept. 2.—An Athens dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. says travelers from Constantinople announce that Friday the Turks burned Isimid and massacred a large number of Armenian inhabitants. Isimid is at the head of the Gulf of Ismid in Asia Minor, fifty-six miles southeast of Constantinople. Its population is about twenty-five thousand.

NO INDICTMENTS IN FRANK CASE

Grand Jury Reports Inability to Connect Anyone Directly With Crime.

Marietta, Ga., Sept. 2.—The Cobb county grand jury investigating the Frank tracing today reported that they were unable to find evidence to indict any one for the crime. They found several clues but were unable to find anyone who could identify the party.

EX-PRES. TAFT IN FAVOR OF LARGER NAVY

DETAILED PLANS TO THAT END IN SPEECH AT EXPOSITION

DUTY OF PEOPLE TO BE PREPARED

Should Eliminate Politics From Question and Employ Expert Advice.

San Francisco, Sept. 2.—William Howard Taft advocated preparedness for war today. He illustrated its necessity and detailed means to that end in an address at Taft day exercises at the exposition.

He said Germany's yielding to the administration demands should cause great rejoicing and occasion for congratulations to the president. It should not, however, lead the people away from the duty of reasonable preparation. He pleaded for the exclusion of politics from the question of preparedness and for the employment of expert advice regarding an increase in the navy's tonnage of thirty per cent, an increase of its personnel by twenty thousand sailors, nine hundred officers, an increase of annuities for coast defenses of ten thousand coast artillery men and six hundred officers, and an increase of the mobile army to fifty thousand and quadruple the number of educated officers.

PLAN TO SETTLE TRADE BALANCES

French and British Financial Commissioners Coming—Discussion of Plan Postponed Until Arrival.

London, Sept. 2.—Plans for correcting the abnormal exchange situation and putting the entire machinery of setting trade balances between America and Europe right, will be clarified within a few days.

The French and British financial commissioners are expected then. Both commissioners have received instructions and the French sailed from Boulogne last Saturday. Authorities asked that details regarding the British commission be not discussed until the commissioners are out of the danger zone.

The situation is not regarded as alarming by the government. One well informed authority declared Europe wasn't on her knees, begging America to assist them as New York seems to think. He declared that exact reverse is true. America wants to sell Europe goods and if Americans hope to continue these sales she must find means for giving the usual credits and stabilizing exchange.

MRS. MOHR RELEASED UNDER HEAVY BOND

Accused of Hiring Negroes to Kill Husband on Account of Jealousy.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 2.—Mrs. Elizabeth Tiffany Blair Mohr, who was arrested after three negroes confessed she hired them for five thousand dollars to kill her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, released under a ten thousand dollar bond tonight. Miss Emily Burger, Dr. Mohr's office assistant, who was wounded at the same time when Mohr was shot and killed, is recovering. Jealousy, or a desire to get her husband's property is suggested as his wife's motive. She denies the accusation. She and her husband have been living apart.

Gas Plant For Greenwood

Greenwood, Sept. 2.—A gas plant for Greenwood is assured. The three hundred names required by the water and light commissioners have been turned in to Supt. Spores, who will now notify the various builders and request that they submit plans and specifications.

New Catholic Societies' Head



John Whalen has just been elected head of the American Federation of Catholic societies in the annual meeting. Mr. Whalen has been a very prominent Catholic for many years. He was also an old friend of Richard Croker when the latter was boss of Tammany. Years ago he was corporation counsel of New York, a position like that of city attorney in many other places.

DESTROYER OF ARABIC CAUGHT

Reported Submarine Was Caught In Steel Net and Crew Now Prisoners in England—Largest and Newest Type U Boat.

New York, Sept. 2.—An officer of the White Star liner, Adriatic, arriving from Liverpool today, declared that the German submarine which sunk the Arabic has been caught in a steel net, and its crew were now prisoners in England. He added that within the past sixty days the British have captured no less than fifty submarines.

After stating positively that the submarine which torpedoed the Arabic had been captured, the officer said he could not disclose the place nor details. He said, however, that the U-boat was of the latest, largest type in the German army.

Major General Sir Samuel Hughes the Canadian minister of militia and defense, and Premier Borden were arrivals.

Six Arabic survivors, Mrs. Margaret Atkinson, her son Arthur Atkinson, Mrs. F. C. Allison, W. Bathurst, Miss H. Christopherson and Joan Popery were with them.

Sir Herbert Holt, president of the Royal Bank of Canada and another arrival, said that members of the British financial committee are coming here to effect a readjustment of the foreign exchange situation. They were to have sailed on the Adriatic, but changed their plans at the last minute. He added that he believed they would reach here in the near future.

GERMAN MARINE MINISTER QUILTS

London, Sept. 2.—An Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph says Admiral von Tirpitz, German marine minister, will resign. He will be succeeded by Admiral von Pohl, now chief of the admiralty staff and commander of the German battle fleet. Suffrage Loses in Alabama.

WILSON MAKES PUBLIC LETTERS ON DEFENSE

Washington, Sept. 2.—President Wilson tonight made public the letters he wrote to Garrison and Daniels last month asking them to formulate definite programs for strengthening national defenses that he might make recommendations in his next message to congress.

The reports are virtually completed. The letters expressed the desire that the secretaries confer with the best informed naval and army men and ascertain what they thought needed.

POPE BELIEVES TIME RIPE FOR PEACE MOVES

SENDS SUGGESTION TO PRESIDENT WILSON THROUGH CARDINAL GIBBONS

NEUTRALS MAY ACT JOINTLY

Reported Germany is Willing to Conclude Peace if Granted Freedom of Seas.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Peace talk is in the air. Cardinal Gibbons today conveyed to President Wilson a suggestion from the Pope that the time is ripe for proposing discussions having as their object the cessation of hostilities. The Cardinal told the president of his gratification over the apparent successful termination of the submarine negotiations. It is understood the Cardinal made no definite suggestion for a peace movement. His visit aroused the deepest interest in official and diplomatic circles. It was suggested that one outcome might be a joint action for peace among the heads of neutral nations and the Pope. Up to the present, however, the United States, has acted singly in such matters.

Germany Ready.

Washington, Sept. 2.—An authoritative though unofficial statement of the German embassy to the United States discloses the information that Germany's concessions to America were made primarily to initiate a move to bring peace and establish the freedom of the seas.

Germany is now willing to make peace if the freedom of the seas is guaranteed, if Poland is granted freedom, and if the Jews of all countries are accorded inalienable rights as human beings.

The statement continues that the responsibility for the continuance of the war rests with the allies. It says further that Germany is optimistic regarding the power of the United States to initiate a peace conference. Germany is willing at any time to make honorable peace. The printed financial condition of the allies, it is stated, makes the time ripe for peace.

Formal Note Expected.

The administration expects a formal note from Germany on the general subject of submarine warfare in addition to Bernstorff's memorandum yesterday. The state department admits that it expects Berlin to report the Arabic incident. This is believed necessary to clarify absolutely the German American situation.

POUND STERLING HAS SPECTACULAR ADVANCE

Gained Eight and a Quarter—Other Foreign Money Also Advanced.

New York, Sept. 2.—The recovery of tottering money values was spectacular and swift today. Sterling gained eight and a quarter cents, touching four sixty-two one-half; francs gained fourteen cents, going five sixty-five; lire gained nine, going six forty-five. The rally led to the belief that rates early normal will soon be established.

New York, Sept. 2.—The English pound sterling climbed as rapidly today as it plunged downward early in the week. Opening quotations were \$4.58 with an overnight gain of four cents then it climbed to \$4.60 reacting about noon to \$4.50.

The upward turn taken indicates that British bankers are acting to stop the declines. Other forms of exchange also showed greater strength.

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 2.—The equal suffrage measure recently defeated in the lower house of the legislature was defeated in the senate today by a vote of 25 to 10.