

The Intelligencer

VOLUME II

ANDERSON, S. C. FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1915.

NUMBER 166.

RUSSIANS STRUGGLE FIERCELY TO CHECK ADVANCE ON WARSAW

TEUTONS HAVE MADE NO SERIOUS BREACH IN LINES DEFENDING CITY

NO IMPORTANT GAINS REPORTED

It is believed, however, Germans are awaiting opportune time to advance.

London, July 22.—The Austro-Germans continue to press the Russian forces defending Warsaw and while they have made progress at some points they have made no serious breach in the well fortified lines defending the city.

The Russians have drawn back to Bridgehead directly west of Warsaw and into the fortress of Ivangorod further southeast on the Vistula. At these points they probably can offer more stubborn resistance.

The two attacks being made from the north along the Narow river by Von Hindenberg and that which Von Mackensen is directing from the southeast, between the Vistula and Bug rivers, apparently have been held up, or Germans are awaiting the opportune moment to move forward and catch the Russians as they evacuate Warsaw. The Berlin official statement does not record an advance for Mackensen, and although it states the Russians have ceased their counter attacks along Warsaw, it doesn't mention any success by Hindenberg.

Grand Duke Nicholas, although delivering stinging counter attacks and inflicting heavy losses on the Austro-Germans, must consider the safety of his army more than the possession of Warsaw.

Near Shavli, on the Dubissa river and on the Narlampol Kovno road the Germans claim successes, but nothing is said about the fighting near Riga, for which another German army is heading.

Argonne and Vosges still are scenes of fighting in the west. Accounts from opposing sides are contradictory as ever, but it would appear that the French are the aggressors in Vosges and have made some progress, and that the Germans made a partially success offensive in Argonne.

The Italians continue attacks along the Isonzo where the battle for Gorizia and Carso plateau is assuming large proportions and more men are engaged than in any previous battle on the Austro-Italian front. The Italians claim progress, while the Austrians consistently report their attacks repulsed.

A short official account issued here tonight of recent fighting on the Gallipoli peninsula indicates that minor engagements have favored the allies.

London, July 22.—Desperate fighting continues between the Teutonic armies pressing on toward Warsaw and the Russian defenders. The issue is in the balance. Vienna and Berlin claim new advances along the entire front. Petrograd, while not denying Teutonic gains in some sections, asserts lines are being held, or else hurled back at vital points.

South of Lublin, where a serious breach would mean the cutting of the Lublin-Chelm railroad line and a division of the Russian armies to the north and south, Russian resistance seems the strongest. A Petrograd statement claims the Teutons have been held there. Counter attacks have driven the Germans back along the line of the river Narow, north of Warsaw, the Russians assert. They also claim that their lines on the left bank of the Vistula, southeast of Warsaw, are holding. In the Baltic provinces the advancing German outposts are barely 20 miles from Riga.

Along the Austro-Italian front Rome claims the gain of part of the heights commanding Gorizia and the Isonzo bridge from the right bank of the river, but the latest Vienna report declares all attacks on Gorizia have been checked and that the height captured by the Italians was retaken.

HUERTA HAD ANOTHER PLOT

Galveston, Tex., July 22.—Starting revelation in an alleged conspiracy between Huerta and President Cabrera of Guatemala in the Huerta revolution plot is given in correspondence printed in Yucatan papers. It shows the alleged promise by the Guatemala president of his country to the plans for a Mexican revolution. The correspondence hints that Huerta promised Mexican concessions in return.

LAWYERS FOR LIEUT. BECKER STILL HOPEFUL

HELD CONFERENCE YESTERDAY WITH PROSPECTIVE WITNESSES

TO CORROBORATE BECKER'S STORY

May Prove Six Thousand Dollars Was Raised to Get Rosenthal to Leave City.

New York, July 22.—The lawyers of Charles Becker, who is sentenced to die next Tuesday for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, while disappointed at Governor Whitman's announcement that Becker's appeal to him contained nothing to change his judgment, are not discouraged. They held conferences today with persons who might aid them in corroborating Becker's statement regarding the six thousand dollar fund, said to have been collected from East Side and Harlem gamblers by one of the chief witnesses against Becker for the purpose of inducing Rosenthal to leave the city.

FRANK'S CONDITION STILL IMPROVING

Is so Much Better Physicians Will Discontinue Bulletins Unless Change Occurs.

Milledgeville, July 22.—Leo M. Frank's condition is so much improved tonight that the physicians announced they will issue no more official bulletins unless there is some pronounced change.

Atlanta, Ga., July 22.—News from the state prison at Milledgeville is to the effect that Leo M. Frank is doing nicely and his condition "highly satisfactory" to the physicians who have him in charge. Two Atlanta newspaper correspondents were admitted to see him yesterday, but his attempt to speak resulted in a choking fit, and his nurses forbade further attempt at conversation.

The assailant, Green, still refuses to discuss the case with anyone, though he is expected to keep his promise and tell his whole story, if he is one, to Governor Harris when that official goes to the farm Saturday with members of the prison commission, who will begin an investigation of the affair then.

GERMAN MUNITION WORKERS LIABLE TO TRIAL FOR TREASON

Berlin, July 22.—It has been officially announced that factory workers in neutral countries, as the United States, making war supplies for Germany's enemies, are liable to prosecution for treason.

BRITISH TROOPS NOW IN SUKESH SHEYUKH

Are Attacking Turks, Who Have Taken Position Below Nasiriyeh.

London, July 22.—Officials announced today that the British have occupied Sukesh Sheyukh on the Euphrates river in Arabia, and are now attacking the Turks who have taken a position below Nasiriyeh.

Reports of British defeats in Iraq which lies between the lower courses of the Tigris and the Euphrates and includes the city of Bagdad are declared unfounded.

Atlanta, Ga., July 22.—A negro farmer has again won the honor of giving Georgia's first cotton bales, according to a special from Pelham.

CALL MILITIA TO HELP STOP STRIKE RIOTS

THREE HUNDRED DEPUTIES ON GUARD WHILE WAITING FOR TROOPS

TWO MORE MEN KILLED THURSDAY

Trouble Started When Crowd Surrounded Tidewater Plant—Several Fires.

New York, July 22.—While waiting tonight for the governor of New Jersey to answer his request for troops to quiet the rioting of strike sympathizers at the Bayonne, New Jersey plant of the Standard Oil Co., Sheriff Kinkhead called out three hundred extra deputies and armed them with clubs. Two more men were killed today and several fires started.

No Troops Necessary. Trenton, N. J., July 22.—Adjutant General Sadler of New Jersey National Guard reported that no troops were necessary at the Bayonne strike.

New York, July 22.—Three men were shot in the fighting near the Standard Oil plant at Bayonne after several shots had been exchanged between the strikers and the guards, the crowd dispersed. Sheriff Kinkhead later telephoned the labor department at Washington to request that mediators be sent immediately. He said that he hoped it would not be necessary to call the state troops.

New York, July 22.—Two men were shot this morning in the riot in front of the Tidewater Oil company at Bayonne, N. J., where several thousand workers are striking against the Standard Oil company. The men are said to have been shot by the company guards during an attack on the Tidewater plant.

Hundreds Gather. New York, July 22.—Hundreds of strikers gathered early on the streets of Bayonne and moved toward the Standard Oil plants. There a small fire broke out in a watchman's house inside the yard, but was quickly extinguished.

The crowd then surrounded the Tidewater plant, which was closed yesterday to avoid trouble and disorder developed. The guards fired into the crowd but the fight continued despite all the efforts of the guards. It is reported that the state troops have been ordered out.

STRIKING MACHINISTS WILL RETURN TO WORK MONDAY

Bridgport, Conn., July 22.—Vice President Koppel of the International Association of Machinists retreated tonight that the strikers would return to work Monday.

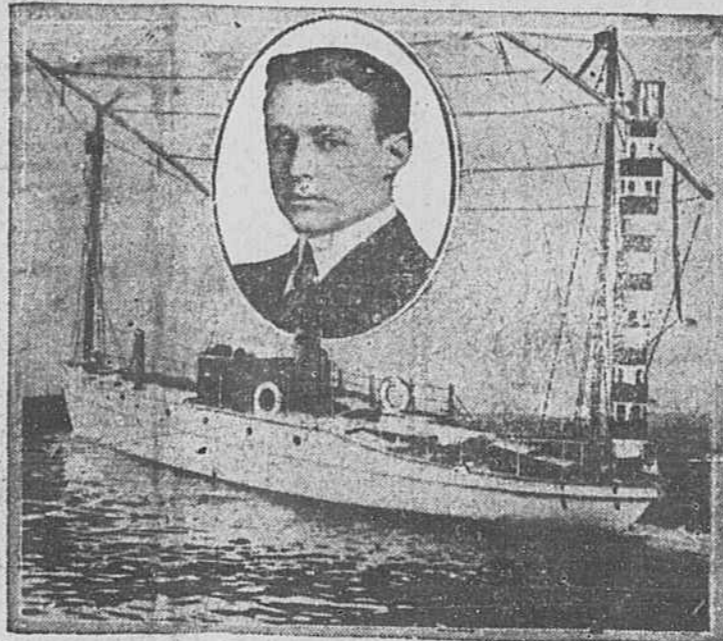
FIRST ACCIDENT AT THE ASPHALT PLANT

Mr. Frank Gary, Employed as Engineer Lost Arm When Sleeve Caught in Machinery.

Mr. Frank Gary of this city had the misfortune to have his arm caught in some of the machinery at the asphalt plant yesterday morning shortly after operations were begun and it was so badly mangled that he had to be taken to the hospital where his arm was amputated.

Mr. Gary was employed as engineer and was working on the machine. The sleeve of his shirt got caught in a sprocket wheel which passed an endless chain. This drove the arm and the hand and some were badly crushed and mangled.

Steers Torpedo By Wireless



John Hays Hammond, Jr.

Launch Controlled by Wireless

John Hays Hammond, Jr., son of the well-known mining engineer, has perfected a wireless apparatus by which he can control the movements of a small boat twenty miles at sea from his front porch on the ocean shore at Gloucester, Mass. He has made experiments with this boat in order to learn to control a torpedo to be sent against a hostile battleship, and now he has so nearly succeeded that army officers who have made an investigation think he has provided a means for defense which would make it impossible for a foreign battleship to get anywhere near striking distance of the United States.

Purchase of the wireless torpedo probably will be recommended to congress by Secretary Garrison. The appropriations committee of the last congress were urged to buy the invention for coast protection, but no action was taken.

Officials of the ordinance and fortifications divisions believe a concealed

shore station may control a submerged torpedo within the limits of vision, and that an approaching battleship would have little chance of escape. This is based on Mr. Hammond's experiments with the Nathaniel, a wireless controlled torpedo boat, which he directed for twenty-eight miles. This boat has two collapsible masts, which work like plunging elevators and can therefore avoid the enemy's range.

In a recent experiment at Gloucester, Hammond erected a thirteen-foot bamboo pole one and a half miles offshore. He hit this slender target with torpedoes ten out of fifteen times.

Army officers see great possibilities of extending the usefulness of wireless control with the aid of the aeroplane scout. An aviator flying high and out of range might, by wireless to the operator ashore, direct an attack on a hostile ship out of sight of the shore station.

ENGLAND AIDS OPIUM TRADE

Speaker Tells Parity Congress Export of Drug by England Retards Advancement of Chinese Empire.

San Francisco, July 22.—The social and moral conditions in China were reported upon today at the ninth International Parity Congress by Kee Owyang, of Tientsin, China, formerly consul general at San Francisco, who deplored the fact that in adopting western ideas, China was also acquiring many vices that exist in the west. Among other things he said:

"The habit of smoking cigarettes is becoming prevalent among many of our boys and girls in China. Millions of dollars worth of cigarettes are imported annually, and to check the growing habit, an anti-cigarette society has been formed, consisting of influential men of China, such as Dr. Wu Ting Fang, and much is being achieved through their efforts."

Referring to the opium evil, the speaker charged that this vice, which was "forced on us by England, and encouraged by her" was still being perpetuated by British exports of opium to China, although China herself had awakened to such a point of determination to stamp out the "plum evil, that she even imposed capital punishment for opium crimes.

ORDER WOMEN AND CHILDREN TO LEAVE

Turks Killed Many Christians in Struggle Following Refusal to Obey Orders.

Paris, July 22.—A Havas, Athens dispatch says: The Turkish and Austrian forces according to advices from Averia have ordered all Christian women and children to leave town and go into interior. Many refused to go. A fierce struggle followed in which there were many victims. Greece has received no reply to her representations to Turkey regarding the persecution of Greeks in Turkish territory. The delay is attributed to difficulties in telegraphing communication. Some of the newspapers are urging the government to assume an energetic policy in dealing with Turkey.

A WAIT RESULT LATEST NOTE TO GERMANY

FORMATION OF COTTON POOL IS PROPOSED

WOULD HANDLE COTTON EXPORTS UNDER AGREEMENT WITH ENGLAND

IS PROPOSED TO STATE DEPARTMENT

Government Unable to Participate Because of Questions Now Being Discussed.

Washington, July 22.—The formation of a great American cotton pool to handle exports to Europe under agreement with the British government has been proposed informally to the state department as a means of equitably distributing among producers such cotton trade as Great Britain and her allies permit Americans to carry on with neutral countries without interference on the high seas.

The state department could not formally participate in the arrangement because thereby the United States would accede to British interference with trade with neutrals. Against which the United States is again preparing another protest.

It is believed that Great Britain would agree to allow Americans to ship to neutral European countries their normal amount of cotton annually.

FLORIDA PHYSICIAN KILLED BY CITIZENS

Had Refused to Leave Town With Landlady—Woman Arrested.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 22.—A series of incidents that had stirred the town of Trenton, Fla., culminated yesterday in the killing of Dr. H. M. Owens by several citizens, according to reports received here today.

Dr. Owens and Mrs. Elizabeth McGuire, with whom he boarded, had been requested, it is said, by a committee of citizens to leave the community. They demurred and a few nights ago, several shots were fired into the house. Yesterday two men were called to pack the household goods. On their arrival they were fired upon from the house. The shots attracted the citizens and they fired at Owens as he left the rear door. He hid in the barn and continued firing. The barn was fired, and when Owens rushed out he was shot to death.

The coroner's verdict said that Owens came to his death "at the hands of unknown parties."

Mrs. McGuire was carried to Gainesville for safe keeping.

CARRANZA MAY SEVER DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS

Will Receive No Communications From Governments Not Properly Represented.

Washington, July 22.—State department dispatches today said Carranza had given notice that he would no longer receive communications from foreign governments which have no diplomatic agents according to his government at Vera Cruz. This would sever communication with the governments which have ministers at Mexico City.

Carranza however, is understood to regard Consul Shiman at Vera Cruz as the property accredited agent of the United States.

GERMANY'S ACTION WILL DETERMINE NEXT STEP IN MATTER

CONGRESS MAY TAKE NEXT STEP

If Lusitania Incident is Repeated Congress Will Be Convened at Once.

Washington, July 22.—The United States, before determining the next step in its general diplomatic policy, will wait for a brief period to see how the new note is received in Berlin. The note was called late last night and will be published in the United States in Saturday morning papers. It is understood should there, meanwhile, be a repetition of the Lusitania disaster, congress will be convened this quo is maintained, however, and Germany indicates that she will conform to the rules of international law, the United States then will take up the protest to Great Britain over her interference with cargoes.

Washington, July 22.—The new American note is on the way to Berlin, having been cleared by telegraph from Washington during the night. Today it has been cabled to Copenhagen and should reach Berlin by telegraph tonight or early tomorrow. The note was completed after a long conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing at the White House last night. It will be made public at Washington on Friday for publication on Saturday. Secretary Lansing announced.

Among the outstanding features are the reiteration that the American government will leave nothing undone to stand by its position previously declared. There is renewed insistence that Germany disavow the sinking of the Lusitania and request is made for reparation. Expression is made of our willingness to act as an intermediary between the belligerents, to arrange a modus vivendi or any other temporary arrangement as to the conduct of maritime warfare which will not involve the surrender by the United States of its rights. There is a rejection of Germany's proposal to give immunity to merchant ships not carrying contraband and to four belligerent ships under the American flag.

ROOSEVELT WILL NOT TALK TO SAPHEADS

Colonel Tells Portland People He Isn't Talking Politics—Is Greeted by Large Crowds.

Portland, Ore., July 22.—"What I will have to say in the future will not be for sapheads or mollycoddlers," declared ex-President Theodore Roosevelt here today during a brief stay of twenty minutes as he addressed 2,000 enthusiastic followers, who quit work in the middle of the afternoon to greet him at the depot.

"I am not making political speeches and whenever I have anything to say it will be over my own signature, and I don't believe anything you see in the newspapers to which people give out statements, purporting to be information I have given to them. From time to time I will give out statements on vital subjects to the whole country."

About 2,000 men and women came in a streaming mob to shake the hand of the ex-president and to accommodate all, even with the temperature at 93. Several women said they wanted to faint, but that it would never do to show such weakness before the color.

"It will be up to the Republican party to say whether the Progressive party is to maintain a separate party existence," he declared.

GEORGIA'S FIRST BALE SOLD FOR 15-16 CENTS

Savannah, July 22.—The first bale of new crop Georgia cotton upland cotton was marketed here today. It brought 15 and 1-16 cents a pound on the cotton exchange.

Cotton Carnival at Galveston. Galveston, Tex., July 22.—The seventh annual cotton carnival swung its doors open to the public today. The city was gay with banners in a celebration which will continue until August 1.