

PRESIDENT WILSON TO ACT DELIBERATELY AND FIRMLY ON NOTE (CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.)

maritime war. Since the time when Frederick the Great negotiated with John Adams, Benjamin Franklin and Thomas Jefferson the treaty of friendship and commerce of September 8, 1785, between Prussia and the Republic of the West, German and American statesmen have, in fact, always stood together in the struggle for the freedom of the seas and for the protection of peaceable trade.

Even at the beginning of the present war the German government immediately declared its willingness in response to proposals of the American government, to ratify the declaration of London and thereby subject itself to the use of its naval forces to all the restrictions provided therein in favor of neutrals.

If in the present war the principles which should be the ideal of the future have been traversed more and more, the longer its duration, the German government has no guilt therein. It is known to the American government how Germany's adventures, by completely paralyzing peaceable traffic between Germany and neutral countries, have aimed from the very beginning and with increasing lack of consideration at the destruction not so much of the armed forces as the life of the German nation, repudiating in doing so all the rules of international law and disregarding all rights of neutrals.

England to Blame. On November 5, 1914, England declared the North Sea a war area and by planting poorly anchored mines and by the stoppage and capture of vessels made passage extremely dangerous and difficult for neutral shipping, so (by) that actually blockading neutral coast and ports contrary to all international law.

While our enemies thus loudly and openly proclaimed without mercy our utter destruction, we were conducting a war in self-defense for our national existence and for the sake of peace of an assured permanency. We have been obliged to adopt a submarine warfare to meet the declared intentions of our enemies and the methods of warfare adopted by them in contravention of international law.

With all its efforts in principle to protect neutral life and property from damage as much as possible, the German government recognized unreservedly in its memorandum of February 4 that the interests of neutrals might suffer from the submarine warfare. However, the American government will also understand and appreciate that in the fight for existence which has been forced upon Germany by its adversary and announced by them it is the sacred duty of the imperial government to do all within its power to protect and save the lives of German subjects.

The case of the Lusitania shows with horrible clearness to what jeopardizing of human lives the manner of conducting war employed by our adversaries leads. In the most direct contradiction of international law, all distinctions between merchantmen and war vessels have been obliterated by the order to British merchantmen to arm themselves and to run submarines, and the promise of rewards for the capture and neutral vessels have been exposed in an increasing degree to all the dangers of war.

If the commander of the German submarine which destroyed the Lusitania had caused the crew and passengers to take to the boats before firing a torpedo this would have meant the sure destruction of his own vessel. After the experience in sinking much smaller and less noteworthy vessels, it was to be expected that a mighty ship like the Lusitania would remain above water long enough to permit the torpedoing to permit passengers to enter the ship's boats. Circumstances of a very peculiar kind, especially the presence on board of large quantities of highly explosive materials (word omitted possibly "dissipated") this expectation. In addition it may be pointed out that if the Lusitania had been spared thousands of cases of munitions would have been sent to Germany's enemies and thereby thousands of German mothers and children robbed of breadwinners.

In the spirit of friendship which with the German nation has been imbued towards the Union and its inhabitants since the earliest days of its existence, the imperial government will always be ready to do all it can during the present war also to prevent the jeopardizing of lives of American citizens. The imperial government therefore repeats the assurances that American ships will not be hindered in the prosecution of legitimate shipping and the lives of American citizens in neutral vessels shall not be placed in jeopardy.

Suggests Arrangement. In order to exclude any unforeseen dangers to American passenger steamers made possible in view of the conduct of maritime war by Germany's adversaries, German submarines will be instructed to permit the free and safe passage of such passenger steamers when made recognizable by special markings and notified a reasonable time in advance. The imperial government, however, confidently hopes that the American government will assume to guarantee that these vessels have no contraband on board, details of arrangement for the unhampered passage of these vessels to be agreed on by the naval authorities of both sides.

In order to furnish adequate facilities for travel across the Atlantic for American citizens the German government submits for consideration a proposal to increase the number of available steamers by installing in passenger service a reasonable number of neutral steamers under the American flag, the exact number to be agreed upon under the same conditions as the above mentioned American steamers. The imperial government believes it can assume that in this manner adequate facilities for travel across the Atlantic ocean can be afforded American citizens. There would, therefore, appear to be no compelling necessity for American citizens to travel to Europe in time of war on ships carrying an enemy flag.

In particular the imperial government is unable to admit that American citizens can protect an enemy ship through the mere fact of their presence on board. Germany merely followed England's example when she declared part of the high sea an area of war. Consequently, accidents suffered by neutrals on enemy ships in this area of war can not well be judged differently from accidents to which neutrals are at all times exposed at the seat of war on land when they betake themselves into dangerous localities in spite of previous warnings.

If, however, it should not be possible for the American government to acquire an adequate number of neutral passenger steamers the imperial government is prepared to interpose no objection to the lacing under American flag of the American government of four enemy passenger steamers for passenger traffic between North America and England. Assurances of free and safe passage for American passenger steamers would extend to apply under the identical conditions to these formerly hostile passenger steamers.

The president of the United States has declared his readiness, in a way deserving of thanks, to communicate and suggest proposal to the government of Great Britain with particular reference to the alteration of maritime warfare. The imperial government will always be glad to make use of the good offices of the president and hopes that his efforts in the present case as well as in the direction of the lofty ideal of freedom of the seas, will lead to an understanding.

REVIEW OF WEEK ON STOCK MARKET Uncertainty of Negotiations With Germany Weakens Tone of Quoted Values.

New York, July 10.—Foreign liquidation of American securities, especially the overshadowing feature this week's stock market operations, and coupled with the uncertainty attending the negotiations with Germany, imported a weak tone to all quoted values. Much of the European selling was traceable to London. And it is believed that considerable also originated in Paris, and other continental centers, indicating urgent financial needs. Many of the local traders seemed committed the short on account of finding numerous vulnerable points of attack, especially among low priced railways, several years' shares of the Louisville and Nashville, Atlantic Coast Line and Southern Railways, fell precipitately for no definite reason, as railroad earnings promised a continued betterment. Crop prospects disclosed by the government report indicate unprecedented yields of most of the important cereals.

SOUVENIR SPOONS ARE GROWING IN DEMAND MORE OF SOUTH CAROLINA MODEL IS EXPECTED SOON ALABAMA NEXT

This Coming Week State of Alabama Spoon Will be Offered and Georgia Next.

Have you started your collection of those perfectly beautiful fifty cent Souvenir Spoons which The Intelligencer is selling for fifteen cents each when accompanied by the coupon? If not, why not? There never has been such an offer made in the entire Piedmont section of the state as this souvenir spoon proposition now running in this paper. Hundreds of people are buying them, and later on when you happen to see a set of them and learn how cheap they were, you will want to raise a row for not getting some of them.

We did not at first buy enough of the South Carolina spoons, so we had to buy more of them. They have not reached us yet, however, but we expect them in Monday or Tuesday at the latest. We have a few more of the North Carolina spoons, and those who contemplate getting spoons of the old Tar Heel State will have to hurry, for hereafter when we have exhausted the first supply, we will not re-order any of that state. In other words, we will sell the first order of each state, and when they are gone, there will be no more of that state ordered. We are compelled to do this as there is no profit in this spoon proposition; we are only selling them as an advertising scheme, and there is nothing in it for us, hence we will order one lot for each state hereafter and when they are sold, we will not order any more of that state.

We have already sold over three hundred of the South Carolina spoons, and there are a great number of reasons waiting for the new supply, which we expect Monday. As stated before, if you have not yet begun the collection of these State Seal Souvenir spoons, which we are selling at the ridiculous price of fifteen cents you had better hurry if you expect to get in on a good thing. This coming week we will have the Alabama spoon, and the following week it will be the good old state of Georgia. Clip your coupons and get your spoons.

NO DEVELOPMENTS IN BROGON STRIKE

EVERYTHING IS QUIET AND YESTERDAY WAS PAY DAY

NO EXCITEMENT

Mill Operatives Taking a Rest and Are Waiting for Management to Make Move.

Yesterday witnessed no new developments in the strike at the Brogon mill. Everything was quiet and the operatives spent the day reading and some of them had a game of baseball.

Yesterdays morning the doors of the office were open and the operatives were paid. As usual the wages of last week were paid, and those of this past week retained, which will be paid on next Saturday.

It seems that both the operatives and the management are just taking the trouble easy and it is not yet known how the matter will be settled.

Convicted. Professor (to student)—What are you laughing at? No, at me? Student—Oh, no sir. Professor—Then what else is there in the room to laugh at?—Buffalo Express.

Reinforcements While You Wait. The Russians demonstrate that they are able to turn out reinforcements while the enemy waits.—Atlanta Journal.

To At-Lash Fishing. That preacher who says the time is coming soon when there will be no class in the world evidently expects fishing to become an obsolete pastime.—Sparta Ishmaelite.

CITROLAX CITROLAX CITROLAX

Best thing for constipation, sour stomach, lax liver and sluggish bowels. Stops a sick headache almost at once. Gives a most thorough and satisfactory flushing—no pain, no nausea. Keeps your system cleansed, sweet and wholesome.—R. H. Welch, Salt Lake City, Utah, writes: "I find Citrolax the best laxative I ever used. Does not grip—no unpleasant after-effects." Evans' Pharmacy.



Come To Our Great Shoe Sale Tomorrow EXTRA SPECIALS FOR MONDAY SHOPPERS

Our advertising space is filled with promises. Not a promise among them but we are prepared to fulfill. Promises concerning the qualities, the styles, the prices of the good seasonable merchandise we are offering you during this great whirlwind shoe sale. Promises that you should carefully read then as carefully prove. 'Tis the constant proving of these advertised promises by our public that is steadily adding to this store's patronage; that is steadily pushing this business into a larger usefulness. Such values have never been offered before. So much for the wee dollar that you can't afford to stay at home.

Table with 2 columns: MEN and CHOICE. Lists items like Nettletons, Florsheims, Oxfords with prices.

Table with 2 columns: WOMEN and CHOICE. Lists items like Pumps, Mary Jane Slippers with prices.

One special lot Womens Sand and Putty Top Pumps and Oxfords, worth \$4.00, tomorrow ... \$1.45 (New goods—all sizes)

One lot White Canvas Mary Jane Slippers, worth \$1.75, this sale ... \$1.00

A SMALL LOT WOMENS STRAP SLIPPERS WORTH \$3 AND \$3.50 ON SALE FOR 85c

One lot Childrens White Canvas Slippers, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50, sizes up to 2, tomorrow ... 65c

One lot Womens Patent and Gun Metal, Mary Janes and Colonial Pumps, worth \$3, tomorrow ... \$1.95 (All sizes—fresh stock).

Childrens Sox in black, pink and blue, worth 10c and 15c a pair, tomorrow ... 5c

One lot Bronz Slippers, \$4.00 values, on sale for ... \$2.75

NO CHARGES NO APPROVALS UNDER MASONIC TEMPLE GEISBERG BROS. SHOE CO. "SHOES THAT SATISFY"

GREENVILLE IS HOST TO MANY VISITORS

BAPTISTS SUMMER ASSEMBLY AND STATE MILITIA ENCAMPMENT BRINGS HUNDREDS OF VISITORS TO MOUNTAIN CITY.

Greenville, July 10.—Greenville is host today and will entertain next week more than one thousand visitors who have assembled here in two important missions. The coming of the Baptist Summer Assembly has attracted several hundred and when the last of the guests arrive Monday it is expected that the attendance will reach five hundred, the number which the working committee had hoped and labored for. Encamped near the city, to the north, there are nearly seven hundred militiamen from the lower part of the State who are here to combine work and military training with recreation and rest in a section where they can appreciate fine climate, pure water and the unexcelled hospitality of Greenville people.

With this great influx of visitors Greenville has been enlightened. Red and white banners hanging over the doors of a number of business establishments add to the gala effects. The militiamen, clad in regulation blue uniforms, are seen on the streets at all times of the day, but mostly in the afternoons when military restrictions are lifted and privileges are extended. Many of the Baptists coming to Greenville for the Summer Assembly and Bible conference will not arrive before Monday morning, although the attendance was considerably augmented by the crowds arriving on incoming trains today. Practically all of the delegates present are being accommodated at the Farmers University dormitory where every convenience is offered. The rates for boarding there are said to be attractively cheap. Some of the visiting guests are being entertained in private homes, while a few others are stopping at hotels.

Who deposits your earnings? SOMEBODY does. Are YOU saving some of your income and systematically putting it away where it will work for YOUR benefit, or is it all slipping through your fingers into the pocket and bank account of SOMEBODY ELSE? A former United States Senator, now a millionaire, put \$100 into a Savings Bank fifty years ago and has never withdrawn it. He says: "It's influence as an anchorage in all crisis of a long life has been incalculable." Why not try his plan? No deposit too small to open an account with us. Come to see us. Make yourself rich instead of SOMEBODY ELSE.

FARMERS & MERCHANTS BANK and FARMERS LOAN & TRUST CO.

Advertisement for 'Man's Worse Enemy' featuring an illustration of a fly and text describing a fly killer product by Shepard's Chemical Co.

