

Showers Tuesday; Wednesday fair and warmer.

# The Intelligencer

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## SECOND NOTE TO BE SENT TO GERMANY

**WILL INSIST ON DEFINITE ANSWER BY GERMAN**  
**MUST ACCOUNT FOR VIOLATIONS**  
Will Leave no Doubt as to Intentions of U. S. to Protect Citizens Rights.

Washington, May 31.—President Wilson intends to shape the course of the United States in the international crisis which has arisen so as to leave no doubt abroad of the country's purpose not only to speak, but if necessary to act for the cause of humanity. This was virtually determined by the president today.

Germany's avoidance of the larger questions of humanity by technical argument on a hitherto undisputed point—the right of searching war craft—must be met promptly with a note again setting forth briefly the facts as found by the investigation of officials here as to the cargo and peaceful equipment of the Lusitania and reiterating the earnest intention of the United States to hold the German government to strict accountability for all violation of American rights on the high seas.

Tomorrow the president will lay before the cabinet both the German and Mexican questions. The tense situation produced by the receipt of the unyielding reply from Germany overshadowed the Mexican problem today. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador has been granted an interview with the president for Wednesday noon.

Just what the president will propose to the cabinet is a matter of wide conjecture. There was a noticeable confidence that Germany having filed to yield in principle or fact to the American point of view the president would suggest a course following the logically strong expressions in the note sent May thirteenth.

Washington, May 31.—President Wilson today faced two difficult international problems. One is the crisis in relations between the United States and Germany and the other is the administration determination to stop internal Mexican warfare.

The president has prepared a statement for issue tomorrow warning Mexican factions of their incessant strife has forced the innocent population to the verge of starvation, that unless order is restored the United States will find means of restoring it. The United States executives are confident the warning will be sufficient or Mexican faction leaders.

There is pessimism and high tension regarding the relations with Germany resulting from Germany's reply to the United States note, sent as a consequence of the Lusitania disaster. The official text of the German reply is before the president this morning. Government officials are profoundly disappointed. They say it endeavors to obscure and evade the main issues, ment on legal matters hitherto undisputed and seeks to interpose technical argument on legal matters hitherto undisputed under the laws of nations. The reply ignores the request of the United States for assurance that American lives won't be endangered in the future.

The president is expected to shape United States course today and discuss his decision at tomorrow's cabinet meeting. He has known the disappointing nature of the German reply for several days. Nobody has known but the president himself what his decision will be. Because of the president's feeling over the Lusitania disaster is known, it is believed he will order the dispatch within less than two days of a second note to Berlin, answering Germany's request for facts of the Lusitania's cargo and equipment with the restatement of circumstances made clear in the first United States note, with the intimation that a prompt reply is expected.

Reference to torpedoing without warning of the steamer Nebraskan, is also expected and urgent inquiry will be made as to what Germany is doing to prevent further destruction of American lives and property.

United States legal officials say the American point of view on legal questions involved has never been disputed by Germany before, or by any other nation of the world.

## LAST ARGUMENT FOR LEO FRANK

**HEARD BY STATE PRISON COMMISSION TODAY**

## LETTER FROM JUDGE ROAN

**Produced by Defense—Judge Intended Recommending Clemency for Prisoner.**

Atlanta, May 31.—The hearing on Leo Frank's application for the commutation of his death sentence to life imprisonment was completed before the State prison commission late today. It is expected that the commission will make its recommendation within ten days to the governor, who will make the final decision.

Nobody appeared to argue the opposition to Frank's application. The principal features of the proceeding were a letter written by late Judge Roan who presided at the trial, urging clemency, and a statement by Mrs. Frank describing her husband's action on the night following the day Mary Phagan was murdered. She denied the rumors of estrangement between her husband and her husband.

Judge Roan, in his letter stated that at the proper time he would ask the governor to commute the sentence; that after months of deliberation he was still uncertain as to the prisoner's guilt, adding: "It is possible I showed undue deference to the opinion of the jury when I allowed the verdict to stand."

Frank, Solicitor Dorsey and members of Mary Phagan's family didn't attend. Ex-Congressman Howard, representing Frank, submitted a mass of court records and petitions from legislators and societies and letters from Ex-Governor Foss of Massachusetts and others from Georgia and other States, appeared asking clemency.

Howard declared that when the Roan letter was received, "We felt that there had been accomplished all we had expected to accomplish by argument."

He asserted that under the law the verdict could have been death or life imprisonment and asked the commission and governor to merely pass an alternate sentence. Howard said: "We ask it in the name of mercy, based upon doubt regarding the prisoner's guilt; this appeal for mercy which has reverberated one end of the country to the other, arousing instincts human sympathy as few cases in the history of the country have ever done."

Atlanta, Ga., May 31.—Final efforts to save Lelo M. Frank from the death penalty pronounced upon him for Mary Phagan's murder, began

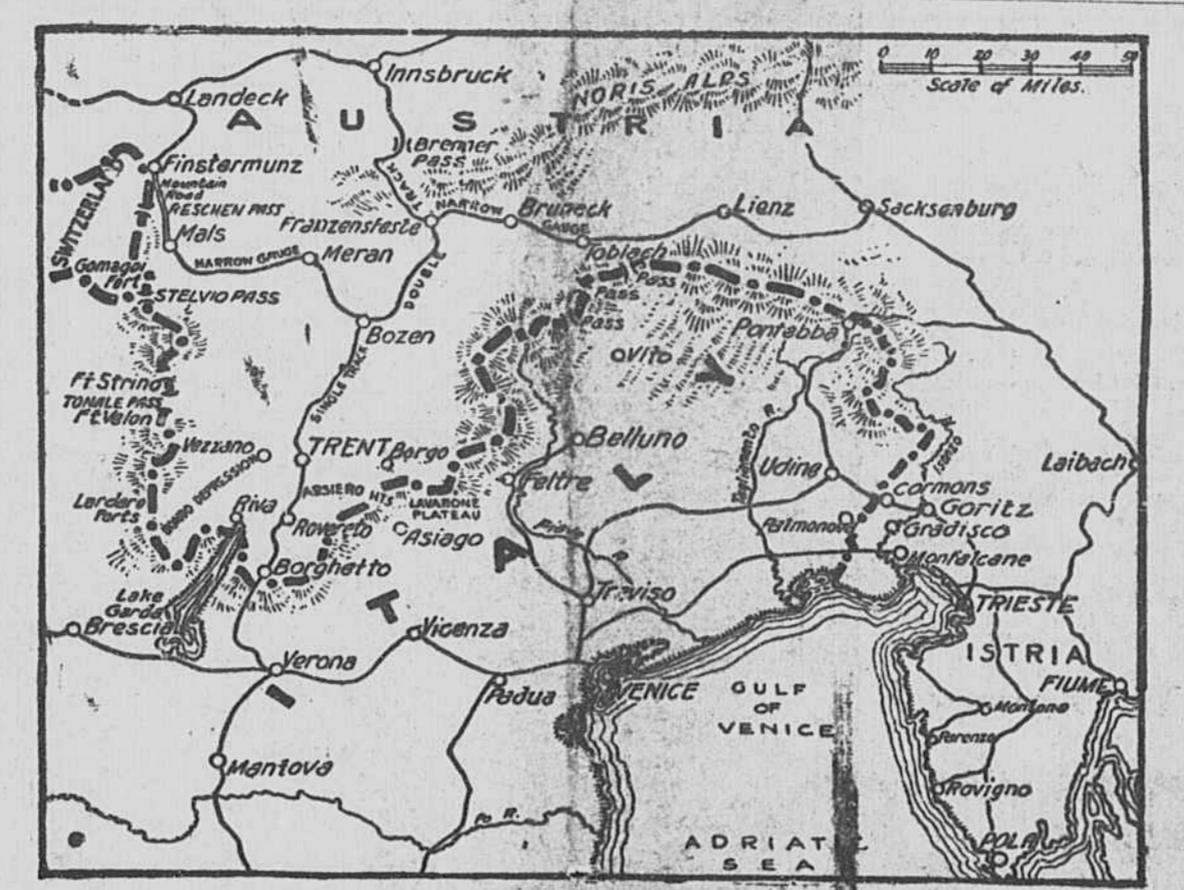
## CHIEF HOLCOMBE TO BE BURIED TODAY

**Died Suddenly at Hospital Sunday Night as Result of Wounds.**

Greenville, May 31.—Chief of Police James E. Holcombe, who died suddenly at the city hospital Sunday night, presumably as a result of a wound received when on May 11 he was shot by Walker White at Carolina mill village, will be buried some time Tuesday afternoon, the hour to be arranged upon the arrival of relatives who live in distant cities. The entire police force will act as an escort to the funeral cortege. The mayor and other city officials will attend.

Submarine Sinks Steamer. Barry, Wales, May 31.—The British steamer Tulochmoor, 3,520 tons, was shelled and sunk by a German submarine late Friday night. The crew escaped and has landed here. The Tulochmoor was in ballast from Genoa for South Shields. The Tulochmoor was built in 1899 and was owned by the Moore line, Limited of Newcastle, Eng.

## Italian-Austrian Border, Where Fight Is Going On



The Italians have taken the offensive, as far as the news despatches tell the story of the war between Italy and Austria. Italian parties have charged across the border near Switzerland, and if the stories from

## GERMANY'S REPLY EVADES QUESTIONS

### CHICAGO FIGURES WILL BE FURNISHED

**WHICH WILL GOVERN LOCAL GRAIN MARKET DURING THIS SEASON**

### 3 HOUR SERVICE

**Wheat Positively Must be Dry Before it is Brought to Market.**

At the meeting of the directors of the Carolina Grain and Elevator company, held at the office of the president, Mr. J. E. Clinkscales, in Ligon-Ledbetter building on Saturday afternoon, it was bona fide offered to purchase all the grain which is offered by this and surrounding counties based upon the Chicago grain market, since it was explained by Messrs. W. J. McClure and J. Wado Darke, members of the board, that they believed most of the farmers would sell as soon as crop is harvested.

The elevator company will post every three hours the grain market as same is ticked off at Chicago board of trade so that the sellers or grain will be enabled to know every three hours what the market is. These quotations will be furnished free of charge and of course be basis upon which the grain will be purchased locally.

### DE PALMA WINS 500 MILE RACE

**Broke all Records for Distance—Time Five Hours Thirty Three Minutes.**

Indianapolis, May 31.—Ralph DePalma, driving a German car, won the fifth annual five hundred mile automobile race here today, breaking all records for distance.

### WANT FACTS ESTABLISHED BEFORE ANNOUNCING DECISION

### WILL INDEMNIFY IN CERTAIN CASES

**But in Case of Lusitania Intimate They Were Fully Justified in Attack.**

Berlin, May 30.—Germany withheld its final decision on the demands advanced by the United States government in connection with the sinking of the Lusitania until the receipt of an answer from the United States to the note which Herr von Jagow, the foreign minister, has delivered to Ambassador Gerard, in reply to the American note received by the German government on May 15. In its reply the German government declares that it is not its intention to submit neutral ships in the war zone, which are guilty of no hostile acts, to attacks by submarine or aeroplane; that it is investigating the circumstances in connection with the attacks on the American steamers Cushing and Gulfight and that in all cases where neutral vessels, through no fault of their own, have been damaged Germany will pay indemnification.

The reply urges that in the case of the Lusitania, which Germany alleges, was armed and carried large stores of war munitions, "it was acting in justified self-defense in seeking with all the means of warfare at its disposal to protect the lives of the soldiers by destroying ammunition intended for the enemy."

Pass Back to British. The German government recalls the proposals submitted by the United States government to Berlin and London, designed to end the submarine warfare and the shutting out of food supplies from Germany which, it declares, failed of their purpose because of the refusal of the British government to agree to them.

The following is the text of the German note made public today: "The undersigned has the honor to submit to Ambassador Gerard the following answer to the communication of May 15 regarding the injury to American interests through German submarine warfare."

"The imperial government has subjected the communications of the American government to a thorough investigation. It entertains also a keen wish to cooperate in a frank and friendly way in clearing up a possible misunderstanding which may have arisen in the relations between the two governments through the

### HARTWELL LAD SAVES DROWNING COMRADE

**WHILE ON PICNIC AT SAVANNAH RIVER ON LAST FRIDAY**

### NEPHEW MRS. KEESE

**Jumped Into Swift Water to Save Young Boy Who Was Drowning.**

The following account of the saving of the life of a comrade by a Hartwell lad will be read with special interest by the people of Anderson. The father of the young man is the brother of Mrs. W. H. Keese of this city which makes it especially interesting to the readers of this section.

The account follows: Isham Halley, aged 15 years, son of Dr. W. I. Halley, of Hartwell, saved the life of Neal Craft, aged 9 years, the son of T. G. Craft, a leading merchant of Hartwell, while on a picnic at Brown's ferry Friday. The Sunday school of the Hartwell Baptist church were on the picnic. A party of the picnickers had crossed the river to the South Carolina side and was getting ready to return to the Georgia side when young Craft fell out of the ferry boat into the boat sluice which was about fifteen feet deep and very swift and was floating down the river when seen by young Halley. The latter ran into the boat, jumped out and swam after the Craft boy, overtaking him about thirty feet from the boat, just as he was going down. Halley then swam down the river 150 feet holding the boy with one hand when J. W. Temples came to his rescue.

"J. H. Skelton threw a large boat pole to the child which assisted them in reaching the bank. This was a most daring rescue and had it not been for young Halley, Craft would undoubtedly have been drowned."

### GULF FLIGHT MISTAKEN FOR BRITISH SHIP.

Washington, May 31.—Germany has officially notified Ambassador Gerard that the American steamer Gulfight, torpedoed in the English Channel may first, was mistaken for a British vessel and attacked because of this error.

## RUSSIANS ON OFFENSIVE IN GALICIA

### WILSON LAUDS DEAD HEROES

**MEMORIAL DAY EXERCISES HELD IN ARLINGTON CEMETERY**

### NO MENTION OF GERMAN ANSWER

**Although Crowds Indicated This Was Uppermost in Their Minds.**

Washington, May 31.—Eulogies of the American soldier and sailor were voiced today by President Wilson, secretary Bryan and Daniels and Governor Willis of Ohio at Memorial Day exercises at Arlington cemetery.

The large crowds seized on every opportunity to show that the present international situation was uppermost in their minds.

The president was enthusiastically applauded and cheered. He carefully avoided any direct reference to the problems facing the United States.

Washington, May 31.—The unveiling and dedication of the Maine Memorial Monument, erected by the government to the dead of the battleship destroyed seventeen years ago in Havana harbor, was the principal feature of Memorial Day ceremonies in Arlington National cemetery.

President Wilson, Secretary Bryan, Secretary Daniels and Governor Frank B. Mills, of Ohio, were on the program more thoroughly national in its scope than ever, since Gen. John A. Logan established services of the kind forty-seven years ago.

The monument to the Maine dead is the mainmast and fighting top of the battleship which long lay imbedded with other wreckage in the bottom of Havana harbor. Restored and rigged as it was on the deck of the Maine it now arises from a granite and marble chiseled in the form of a gun turret with names of the Maine's 264 victims carved on its curved exterior.

In the presence of veterans of the Civil and Spanish-American wars, the president, cabinet, justice of the supreme court, diplomats of foreign nations and heads of patriotic organizations of the United States, the fitting memorial was today unveiled. Fifty white uniformed marines manned the improvised rigging designed after the old rat-lines of the destroyed ship as the veil fell. The exercises followed an invocation by Rev. Father Childwick, chaplain of the Maine at the time of her destruction.

### VETERANS GATHERED IN ANNUAL REUNION

**Many Visitors in Old Capitol of Confederacy for Twenty-Fifth Reunion.**

Richmond, May 31.—United Confederate Veterans from all parts of the south are here tonight for the opening of the twenty-fifth annual reunion tomorrow. The old capitol of the Confederacy is ablaze with light. Events today included memorial exercises for the dead; the dedication of the memorial to the Confederate women of Virginia and the unveiling of a bronze tablet to women in Hollywood cemetery.

### PAN-AMERICAN DELEGATES MAKING TOUR OF COUNTRY

Washington, May 31.—The delegates to the Pan-American financial conference left this morning for Annapolis. Baltimore is the second stop on the tour of eastern and western cities to study American business methods. The trip ends at New York June 13th.

### ARE HOLDING GERMANS AFTER RETREATING MANY MILES

### CLAIM GERMAN RUSH HAS FAILED

**Italy Replies to Austrian Air and Naval Raid With Dirigibles and Destroyers.**

London, May 31.—The great battle on the San, to which the Russians fell back after retreating over half of Galicia, still rages, but the Russians assert they have assumed the offensive. London takes this statement to mean another mighty German effort has spent itself.

Though Przemysl's fate is still uncertain, the allied circles contend that the Austrians and Germans have failed to crush the Russians in Galicia and that their rush forward, costing thousands of lives, has fallen short.

An official Austrian statement tonight claims no noteworthy advances in the west neither side has done much lately.

Italy retaliated for the Austrian air and naval raids along her east coast by bombarding Pola, an Austrian naval base, from a dirigible while Italian destroyers made a dash on Montefalcone, doing considerable damage to Austrian shipping and escaping unscathed.

German submarines are still active. The news tonight adds the Danish steamer Roberts to the list of victims. The crew was saved. The British steamer Dixiana was torpedoed Friday while en route from Savannah to Swansea, Wales.

The British press is following the German-American note exchange with keenest interest. There is much speculation concerning the probable American action.

### London Expecting Raid.

London, May 31.—There are indications of an air raid of possibly large proportions by Zeppelin dirigibles on London in the near future. The official bureau announced tonight that Zeppelins reported to have been seen near certain outlying districts. At the same time a warning is issued in English newspapers dealing with the picares in the neighborhood of London reaches by the air craft except such information as the admiralty issues.

### Turks Loss Heavy.

London, May 31.—Although reports from Constantinople favored the Turkish troops in the operations on Gallipoli Peninsula, the British war office announced today that in a furious engagement of recent date the Turkish casualties number two thousand while the allies only two hundred.

### London, May 31.—The Russian resistance to the Austro-German advance in Galicia apparently is stiffening.

Following the recent victory of the Russians at Sienawa in central Galicia on the San river, it is announced at Petrograd that the right bank of the river has been cleared for a considerable distance of the Austro-German forces and that 3,000 prisoners were taken. So far has been disclosed, however, the Russians did not succeed in halting the movement for the investment of Przemysl.

In the Baltic provinces, the invading Germans are also said to have been pressed back, losing guns and prisoners. The Russian war office acknowledges that they reached the Dubysa river, but asserts that the German attempts to cross the river failed.

The lull along the western battle front has been broken by the French who claims to have taken a group of German trenches in the Pilkelm region and have made good progress north of Arras. With British cooperation, they appear to have made a slight progress north of La Bassée. After repeated and costly repulses the Germans for the time being seem to have abandoned their attempts to take Ypres. During the past week, the Germans have made only slight gains in the neighborhood of this salient.

The main bodies of Italian and Austrian troops have not yet come to grips. The Italian invasion is still meeting with little opposition. Except for the news of the movement of warships which appear to be searching for German submarine bases little definite information has come from the Dardanelles. An official announcement from Constantinople says that French and British attempted in vain to recapture post-

(Continued on page five.)