

WEATHER FORECAST
Fair today; gentle to moderate
south to southwest winds.

The Intelligencer

COTTON MARKET
Local Spots 9 1-2 c

VOLUME II. ANDERSON, S. C. TUESDAY, MORNING MAY 4, 1915. NUMBER 96.

MAY HOLD GERMANY RESPONSIBLE FOR LOSS OF GULF LIGHT

WILL ANNOUNCE NO DEFINITE POLICY UNTIL RESPONSIBILITY IS PLACED
U. S. HAS ORDERED A RIGID INQUIRY
Probably Demand Indemnity of Germany if Proven Submarine Attacked Steamer.

Washington, May 3.—Pending an official investigation into the circumstances surrounding the wrecking of the American steamer Gulf Light in the English Channel, the United States will defer diplomatic representations as well as any pronouncement of policy.

American Consul Stephens at Plymouth, England, cabled an official notification that the Gulf Light was torpedoed, and two sailors drowned. Secretary Bryan said he would ask for thorough, complete report from the consul, and would direct Ambassador Gerard at Berlin to make a similar inquiry of the German government of such facts as it might have. Secretary Bryan announced he did not wish to make predictions concerning the American government's course until all facts are in his possession. Should the investigation corroborate the dispatches claiming that a German submarine attacked the Gulf Light, the United States will probably demand indemnity sufficient to cover all losses incurred by the ship and compensation for the families of the victims.

Washington, May 3.—The United States today awaited the result of the inquiry into the reported sinking of the American steamer Gulf Light by a German submarine, with the loss of her captain and crew. Pending the development of official facts, no action will be taken.

The incident is regarded as serious and calling for representations to Germany by the United States officials.

The officials would not discuss the nature of these representations. It is thought that the inquiry will disclose that the attack was not deliberate, but accidental. If so the only United States action would be a demand for damages.

The United States has already warned Germany that it would hold her strictly accountable for the loss of American lives or vessels. It is believed that it will take several days to complete the inquiry.

DR. JOHN F. VINES HAS RESIGNED PASTORATE

OF FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH TO ACCEPT CALL TO ROANOKE VA. GOES JUNE FIRST
For Seven Years Has Been Pastor Here—Is Given Up With Regret.

After a splendid service of seven years, the Rev. John F. Vines, D. D., has resigned as pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, his resignation having been placed before the congregation following the morning service last Sunday. Dr. Vines will leave June 1 to take up the pastorate of the First Baptist church of Roanoke, Va.

Some days ago it was learned that a call had been extended Dr. Vines by the Roanoke church. Immediately upon learning of this matter, members of the local congregation set about to prevail upon Dr. Vines not to consider the offer. Feeling, however, that it was his duty to sever the ties that bind him to the church here and take up the work in the new field, Dr. Vines could not be prevailed upon to reconsider his determination to accept the call.

To say that there is genuine regret throughout the large congregation of the First Baptist church that this beloved pastor is to leave Anderson, is superfluous. No minister ever had a stronger grip upon the affections of his people than Dr. Vines, and there were few dry eyes in the large congregation when he made a statement with reference to his having decided to accept the Virginia call.

The resignation of the beloved pastor was reluctantly accepted, and even after the question was put to a vote there were members of the congregation who insisted on Dr. Vines being requested to reconsider and reject the call to the Virginia church.

Dr. Vines' sermon Sunday morning was one of the best that he has delivered during his pastorate here. After the sermon, Dr. Vines asked the congregation to be seated, which he said in part:

MINE WORKER GUILTY OF KILLING DEPUTY

RESULT OF FIGHT BETWEEN STRIKING MINERS AND GUARDS IN COL. GETS LIFE SENTENCE

Convicted Man Charged With Leadership of Mob Which Attacked Deputies.

Trinidad, Col., May 3.—Joan Lawson was today found guilty of murder in the first degree for killing John Nimmo, a deputy sheriff, in a battle with strikers October 25, 1913. The jury's verdict fixed the penalty at life imprisonment.

Lawson was charged with the murder of John Nimmo, a deputy of Las Animas county, who was killed in a battle between deputies and striking coal miners near Ludlow on October 25, 1913. Lawson is the member of the international executive board of the United Mine Workers of America for district 15. He was one of the prominent leaders in the recent coal miners' strike in Colorado, which was one of the most notable labor conflicts in the history of the United States.

The strike was called for September 23, 1913. On that date thousands of miners laid down their tools. Those living upon the property of the coal companies loaded up their household goods and moved out, most of them settling in tent colonies established by the union. The largest of these was at Ludlow, a few miles north of Trinidad and in close proximity to the Hastings, Delagua, Tabasco, Berwind and Forbes mines.

Violence began early in the strike. There was a series of clashes in the Ludlow and Forbes neighborhood, and on October 29 the national guard of Colorado, on orders from Governor E. M. Ammons, took possession of the coal mining districts.

It was in one of the Ludlow fights before the arrival of the state militia that John Nimmo was killed. Nimmo was one of a force of deputies stationed at the Ludlow section house under command of K. E. Linderfelt. Linderfelt, a witness for the prosecution, said the deputies were ordered by the then sheriff, James S. Grisham to preserve order and prevent trouble between strikers and mine guards. Early in the afternoon of October 25, 1913, a fight started between these deputies and a large body of strikers. Firing raged in the arroyos and railroad cuts until evening. Sometimes during the battle Nimmo was shot through the leg, bleeding to death.

GERMANS ANNOUNCE VICTORY OVER RUSSIANS IN GALICIA

NEGRO CONFESSED KILLING DR. FERRELL

ADMITS FIRING ON MINE OPERATOR WITH SHOT GUN AND FLEEING
FERREL FIRED FIRST

Accused Negro and Murdered Man's Family Tell Contradictory Accounts of Killing.

Birmingham, Ala., May 3.—Jesse White, a negro, was arrested yesterday in connection with the killing of Dr. C. C. Ferrell, a wealthy coal operator and widely known author, made a statement today, according to the police, in which he said he killed Ferrell after the latter had fired on him.

Members of the Ferrell family told the police last night that Ferrell whose home is near the commissary building had been killed in a fight with burglars.

ENGINERS ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH AWARD

Final Settlement of Present Case Means Much to Adjustment of Future Controversies.

Chicago, May 3.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, after analyzing for three days the arbitration awarding the western wage dispute issued a statement today contending that the wage advance granted is inadequate. The increased aggregate according to their figures is \$20,498 annually. These figures far wages alone do not include value of compensatory rules or overtime allowances granted.

MRS. CARMAN AGAIN ON TRIAL FOR LIFE

CHARGED WITH MURDER OF MRS. LOUISE BAILEY AT FREEPORT LAST JUNE EXPECT LONG TRIAL

District Attorney Says May Take Week to Present State's Side of Case.

Minneapolis, May 3.—Five jurors were chosen for the second trial of Mrs. Florence Conklin Carman, charged with killing Mrs. Louise Bailey, which opened here today.

ENGLAND FACILITATES U. S. FOREIGN TRADE

Issues Statement Designed to Guard Against Interference With Cargoes.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The British embassy issued a statement tonight for the information of American shippers, designed to facilitate the trade of the United States with neutral countries by pointing out the way to guard against interference by allied warships with cargoes not under the ban of Great Britain's blockade order.

PRISONERS OF BOTH SIDES TREATED ALIKE

British Officers Accorded Same Treatment as Crews of German Submarines.

London, May 3.—The treatment of the crews of captured German submarines by England and that of British officers imprisoned in Germany is virtually the same, except some British prisoners are in solitary confinement.

MOST CRUSHING DEFEAT ADMINISTERED BY EITHER SIDE SINCE WAR BEGAN

ENTIRE RUSSIAN CENTER IS SMASHED

AUSTRO-GERMAN VICTORY EXTENDS ACROSS WHOLE OF EASTERN GALICIA

Berlin Believes Russian Advance is Positively Checked—Number of Prisoners Taken Small in Proportion to Former Battles, But Victory More Important—Berlin Wild With Enthusiasm—City Bedecked With Flags by Order of Military Authorities and Entire Populace Joins in Celebration.

London, May 3.—According to Berlin and Vienna, the German and Austrian armies have achieved a notable victory in West Galicia, smashing the entire Russian center along a front of many miles. The Berlin official statement claims the victory extends across the whole of the eastern tip of Galicia, from near the Hungarian border to a point where the river Dunajec joins the Vistula on the eastern frontier of Poland.

Although the eight thousand prisoners the Germans and Austrians say they have taken doesn't compare with the number which some of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's rushes netted him in the north, the achievement, if subsequent reports substantiate it, means at least a temporary check of the Russians who have been hammering their way westward since the fall of Przemyel.

If the Austro-German contentions relative to the Galician situation are correct, according to some military writers, it will mean the whole whole Russian campaign in the Carpathians is seriously affected. It would make extremely precarious the position of the Russian troops pressing down the southern slopes toward the plains of Hungary.

England and France don't claim any gains in the west. The Germans maintain they are pushing forward to the northwest of Ypres toward St. Julien which they captured.

In the fighting in the Baltic provinces Berlin finds cause for rejoicing. So far as claims go it was Austro-German day. A number of vessels, neutral and otherwise, fell victim to German submarines, Norway being a particularly heavy loser.

Berlin, May 3.—Reports announcing a great victory in the Carpathians today caused the entire city of Berlin to deck itself with flags. The telephone stations, newspaper offices and hotels were besieged with crowds seeking the details which were not announced. The excitement began when the authorities received orders to fly flags "on account of a great victory in the Carpathians."

London, May 3.—The week-end was marked by a relatively mild war activity in the North Sea and a resumption of the submarine blockade by the German craft, which destroyed and damaged three vessels off the Scilly Islands.

No further official announcements have been made, concerning the Dardanelles fighting, but unofficially the despatches agree that the allies are progressing toward the narrow under the latter are reported as inflicting cover damage to the Turkish defenses, including the total destruction of the town of Dardanelles.

The late Turkish official announcement claims a victory in the retreat of the British colonial troops to the shelter of their warships. This account, however, does not agree with the British official report, published.

Syracuse, May 3.—Theodore Roosevelt will resume the witness stand tomorrow in William Barnes' \$50,000 libel suit.

CREW OF GULF LIGHT LANDED AT PLYMOUTH

Plymouth, May 3.—The steamer Lyonesse brought to Penzance tonight thirty three members of the crew and the body of Captain Gunter of the American steamer Gulf Light, which was torpedoed Saturday.

BRITISH LABORERS WORK IN UNIFORM

London, May 3.—The success which has attended the experiment of placing workmen at Liverpool in khaki is very interesting from a psychological standpoint, writes a college professor to one of the London newspapers. He explains:

Washington, May 3.—The reported capture of Quetzalero by Zapata forces co-operating with Villa, while unconfirmed in state department advices today, proved of great interest to officials here. According to villa's statement the Zapata forces capturing Quetzalero cut off Oregon from his base at Vera Cruz.

Atlanta, May 3.—A petition filed in superior court today by the State for the re-sentencing of Leo Frank, won't be acted upon until the case is restored to the jurisdiction of the State from the federal court, according to an announcement by Presiding Judge Hill. The mandate of the United States Supreme court, which refused Frank's appeal for a habeas corpus, is expected to reach the United States court of Georgia, by May 19. After that Frank will be produced in superior court, and sentenced to die for the murder of Mary Phagan.

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